

CRT output on Raspberry Pi

This guide only applies to Batocera **v32**. Batocera changed to using the Wayland compositor for most [SBCs](#) around **v33** (differs depending on exact board), which does not support CRT output on the Pi at all.

Batocera does not officially support CRT output on x86_64, but [community efforts](#) have made that possible. CRT output from the Raspberry Pi (and other SBCs) is even less official, but again community efforts have made this possible in some scenarios.

Note that since the GPU on the Raspberry Pi does not support lower dot clocks, if attempting to use it directly (such as by using its composite output) you will not have access to particular CRT-related features like switchres, swapping resolutions without rebooting, interlaced output, etc.

[The automated script](#) for using CRT on x86_64 does not work for any SBC.

Foreword

It should go without saying, but unlike digital signals, analogue signals and the devices that receive them tend not to have safety limitations on what they are capable of. This can result in breaking displays, blowing old fuses, overheating ancient capacitors, making things catch fire, etc. You should perform adequate research before attempting any of this with your old equipment. The safety of you and your equipment is solely your own responsibility.

It's recommended to read [the glossary](#) on the x86_64 to familiarize yourself with the CRT-specific terminology.

Prerequisites

To achieve a native analogue signal on your SBC, the following elements are needed:

- A Raspberry Pi with **composite** video output (the headphone jack)
- The **three-pole A/V composite** cable for Raspberry Pi
- A TV with **composite** inputs
 - If using a TV that only has **RF** input, you will need a **composite** to **RF** modulator in addition to the transcoder
- A way to [SSH into the Batocera machine](#) (for Windows, PuTTY works fine)
- A way to edit files over the network (for Windows, WinScp and Notepad++ work fine)

If you need the three-pole A/V composite cable:

- [Link to Adafruit's store page for the cable](#)

- [Link to Amazon's store page for the cable](#)

An Xbox 360E three-pole to A/V composite cable also works for the Raspberry Pi.



Preparation

All the necessary modifications can be done on the SD card before even turning on the Pi.

If using Windows, remember to use Notepad++ to edit files so as not to corrupt them. The built-in Notepad will corrupt them.

If not already done, [flash Batocera to the micro SD card](#). Then, open up the boot partition on it labelled "BATOCERA" and open the `cmdline.txt` file. Add the following to the beginning of the line:

```
video=Composite-1:720x480@60ie
```

Save the file (make sure not to accidentally add extra lines/spaces as it may interfere with Batocera booting). Then in that same folder, open `config.txt`. Comment out any line that contains `hdmi` by adding a `#` in front of it.

```
#hdmi-yadda-yadda
```

In the main section (not inside any section like `[RPI3]`), add the following lines:

```
max_framebuffer_width=320
max_framebuffer_height=240
framebuffer_width=320
framebuffer_height=240
enable_tvout=1
sdtv_mode=0
sdtv_aspect=1
audio_pwm_mode=2
disable_fw_kms_setup=1
enable_uart=1
```

Then the Raspberry Pi is set up to output to a CRT display via the composite output. Read the [editing files section](#), and then skip forward to the [section about EmulationStation](#).

RPi does not support switchres or standalone MAME. Hence, any configuration that applies to them would not be applicable to RPi. RetroArch does have its own configuration though.

If after doing this on a Pi 4, you get the menu working but no emulators launch correctly, try using the FKMS driver instead of the real KMS driver.

Under the [pi4] header, comment out `dtoverlay=vc4-kms-v3d-pi4` and uncomment `dtoverlay=vc4-fkms-v3d` to do so.

If after doing this on a Pi 3, you get a black screen after the boot logo, try editing this line under the [pi3] header:

```
dtoverlay=vc4-kms-v3d
```

so that it is instead:

```
dtoverlay=vc4-kms-v3d,composite=1
```

If having any issues, refer to the [x86_64](#) guide as it has more information, however some behavior on that guide only applies to x86_64.

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